

M. E. FOHS,
Merchant Tailor,
MARION, KY.
Always has the latest styles. Suits
made to order \$15.00 and upwards.
All-wool pants, made to order \$3.50.

The Crittenden Press.

All-Wool Pants,
MADE TO ORDER
FOR \$3.50 CASH.
M. E. FOHS, The Tailor.

VOLUME 17.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JUNE 25, 1896.

NUMBER 3

Apply
The **POWER**
And the Engine
Starts.

The More Power
The More Speed. . . .

SO IT IS IN BUSINESS

Apply the right forces, honest values, honest prices, honest purposes and there is no limit to the possible pace of such a store. We've thrown the throttle of determination wide open and are driving ahead to a greater business, affording you greater opportunities.

New
Masonic
Building.

PICKENS, CASSIDY & CO.,
ORIGINATORS AND PROMOTORS OF LOW PRICES.



Here we are,
IN THIS MAGNIFICENT BUILDING.

This Month.

Our May trade was beyond our expectations. We intend making our June business still greater. You will see the fetters drop from many a clouded brow, and in its place you will see the contented look of: owe-no-man-a-cent.

Are You Interested in Low Prices?

We are now offering our entire stock at prices the lowest yet named, for strictly first class goods, an immense assortment, everything the best.

\$ THE DOLLAR. \$

You spend with us goes further, lasts longer, gets more style, gets more quality with our low prices. The verdict of the people accords us an enviable prestige, the result of our earnest and continuous efforts to meet and satisfy the requirements of the trade.

CASH, CASH, SPOT CASH.

That's the key to peace and prosperity, that spirit is in the business air, it's the watchword and the war cry of every one who is going to fight for freedom from the bondage of the credit system this year. Gets more quality and does more good in service, worth and wear than any money you spend. See our stock, cash bought it and low prices will sell it. You know what a bargain is, come in and we'll surprise you.

Marion,
Kentucky.

McKINLEY And Hobart

Head the Republican Ticket on
a Gold Standard Platform.

Senator Teller Makes a Speech
and With Other Delegates
Leaves the Convention.

The great convention is over William McKinley, of Ohio, is the nominee for President, and Garret A. Hobart, of New Jersey, for Vice President, the platform is for the existing gold standard, and Senator Teller and twenty-two other delegates have marched out of the Republican party.

There were two reports of the committee on resolutions, the majority report on the financial question, which we print elsewhere, was adopted by a vote of 812 1/2 to 110 1/2. When the result was announced Mr. Frank Cannon, the youthful senator from Utah, advanced to the platform and with Senator Teller standing by his side, read in ringing tones and with many gestures the following protest:

"We hold that this convention has acceded from the truth; that the triumph of such a recession would be the eventual destruction of our freedom and our civilization. To that end the people will not knowingly follow any political party; and we choose to take our place in the ranks of the great mass of citizens who realize that the hour has come for justice. Did we deem this issue less important to humanity we would yield, since the associations of our political lives have been intertwined with the men and the measures of his party of past mighty achievements.

WITHDRAWAL FROM THE PARTY.

"Accepting the fiat of this convention as the present purpose of the party, we withdraw from this convention to return to our constituents the authority with which they invested us, believing that we have better discharged their trust by this action which restores to them authority unsullied than by giving cowardly and indignant endorsement to the greatest wrong ever willfully attempted within the Republican party—once redeemer of the people, but now about to become their oppressor, unless providentially restrained by the votes of free men."

After this, amidst the wildest scenes, Senator Teller and his associates filed out of the hall.

After the adoption of the platform the chairman directed the call of states for nomination for the presidency. Chancery M. Dew presented the names of Gov. Morton; Gen. Foraker presented the names of Wm. McKinley, and the convention went wild. The names of Red, Allison and Quay were presented, and then the convention proceeded to ballot, and the result was: McKinley 661 1/2, Red 81 1/2, Quay 61 1/2, Morton 58, Allison 45 1/2, Cameron 1. When the chair announced that McKinley had received 661 1/2 votes, words could not describe the scene. Delegates and spectators arose and cheered and waved flags and banners and the

campus plumes of California; the band struck up "My Country 'Tis of Thee" and cheers and huzzas ran the air.

There was not a single one of the 15,000 or 16,000 people in the great hall who did not do his or her best to swell the sounds of jubilee and to join in the grand popular demonstration in favor of the successful candidate. The scene was enthusiastic as the men. It seemed as if no one would be seated again, and as if orderly proceedings would never more be attempted. One young man on the platform waved on the point of the national banner a laced cocked hat such as the conqueror of Marengo is represented as wearing. This symbol of victory added, if possible, to the enthusiasm, and the noise was swelled by the booming of artillery outside.

After quiet had again been restored Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, on behalf of the friends of Mr. Reed offered the a motion to make the nomination of Mr. McKinley unanimous. Another wild scene followed his short speech. Gen. Henderson, of Iowa, seconded the motion on behalf of the adherents of Mr. Allison. Thomas C. Platt, on behalf of Mr. Morton's friends, also seconded the motion, and in doing so pledged the state of New York for a mighty majority for the nominee. Gov. Hastings, of Pennsylvania, seconded it for the supporters of Mr. Quay.

The convention then proceeded to call the states for nominations for Vice President. Hobart, of New Jersey; Chas. Warren Lippitt, of Rhode Island; H. Clay Evans, of Tennessee; Jas. A. Walker, of Virginia, were put in nomination. Hobart was nominated with votes to spare, and the convention adjourned.

THE PLATFORM.

The following are the more salient features of the lengthy platform:

THE TARIFF.

"We renew and emphasize our allegiance to the policy of protection as the bulwark of American industrial independence and the foundation of American development and prosperity. This true American policy taxes foreign products and encourages home industry; it puts the burden of revenue on foreign goods; it secures the American market for the American producer; it upholds the American standard of wages for the American workingman; it puts the factory by the side of the farm, and makes the farmer less dependent on foreign demand and prices; it diffuses general thrift; and founds the strength of all on the strength of each. In its responsible application it is just, fair and impartial, equally opposed to foreign control and domestic monopoly, to sectional discrimination and individual favoritism."

"We denounce the present Democratic tariff as sectional, partisan, and one-sided, and disastrous to the treasury and destructive to business enterprise, and we demand such an equitable tariff on foreign imports which come into competition with American products as will not only furnish adequate revenue for the necessary expenses of the government but will protect American labor from degradation and the wage level of other lands. We are not pledged to

any particular schedule. The question of rate is a practical question, to be governed by the conditions of the time and of production. The ruling and uncompromising principle is the protection and development of American labor and industry. The country wants a right settlement, and then it wants rest.

"The republican party renews its pledge for the protection of all American industries against foreign competition, and declares its faith that the supremacy of the United States among the nations is the result of such a policy. We believe in liberal reciprocity, and just retaliation, and demand the application of the golden rule of commerce to all future legislation affecting the tariff and foreign trade. We believe the repeal of the reciprocity arrangements negotiated by the last republican administration was a national calamity, and demand their renewal and extension on such terms as will equalize our trade with other nations and remove the restrictions that now obstruct the sale of American products in the ports of Europe, and secure new markets for the products of our farms, forests and factories.

RECIPROCITY.

"We believe that protection and reciprocity are twin measures of republican policy and go hand in hand. Democratic rule has ruthlessly struck down both, and both must be re-established. Protection for what we produce; free admission for the necessities of life which we do not produce; reciprocal agreements of mutual interest, which gain open markets for us in return for our open markets to others. Protection builds up domestic industry and trade, and secures our own market for ourselves—reciprocity builds up foreign trade and hands an outlet for our own surplus.

THE FINANCES.

"The republican party is unceasingly for sound money. "It caused the enactment of the law providing for the resumption of specie payments in 1879. "Since then every dollar has been as good as gold. "We are unalterably opposed to every measure calculated to debase our currency or impair the credit of our country. "We are, therefore, opposed to the free coinage of silver, except by international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world which we pledge ourselves to promote, and until such agreements can be obtained the existing gold standard must be preserved.

"All our silver and paper currency must be maintained at parity with gold, and we favor all measures designed to maintain inviolably the obligations of the United States and our money, either coin or paper, at the present standard—the standard of the most enlightened nations of the earth.

PENSIONS.

The veterans of the Union army deserve and should receive fair treatment and general recognition. And whenever practicable they should be given the preference in the matter of

employment, and they are entitled to the enactment of such laws, as are best calculated to secure the fulfillment of the pledges made to them in the dark days of the country's peril. We denounce the practice in the pension bureau, so recklessly and unjustly carried on by the present administration, of reducing pensions and arbitrarily dropping names from the rolls, as deserving the severest condemnation of the American people.

FOREIGN IMMIGRATION.

"For the protection of the equality of our American citizenship, and of the wages of our workmen, against the fatal competition of low priced labor, we demand that the immigration laws be thoroughly enforced, and so extended as to exclude from entrance to the United States those who can neither read nor write.

CIVIL SERVICE.

"The civil service law was placed on the statute by the republican party, which has always sustained it, and we renew our repeated declaration that it shall be thoroughly and honestly enforced and extended when ever practicable.

Senator Teller presented the minority report of the committee on resolutions, and this short document which was so overwhelmingly voted down was as follows:

"The republican party favors the use of both gold and silver as equal standard money, and pledges its power to secure the free, unrestricted and independent coinage of gold and silver at our mints at the ratio of sixteen parts of silver to one of gold."

Idle Convicts.

Frankfort, Ky., June 20.—The State is now feeding and clothing 600 convicts at Eddyville. What with is not known. The Mason and Ford Company have formally thrown up their contract there and have turned over to the State the convicts they have clothed and fed. The change was made several days ago, but was so quietly done that it has not yet become generally known.

The question of how to settle with the company and when the latest suit against them is to be brought will be decided at an early meeting of the Sinking Fund Board. The abandonment of this contract leaves only the printing contract remaining of the several big contracts the State had when the new Republican administration came into power.

The present Commissioners are contract breakers, when the contracts are with Democrats, from away back. Just what the exact condition of the prison problem is now is more than a Philadelphia lawyer can intelligently state.

Walling Must Hang.

Covington, Ky., June 18.—The jury finds Walling guilty and fixes his punishment at death. Walling has been ordered taken to the Covington jail immediately.

Reports of the school census in one hundred counties show an increase of about 1 1/2 per cent. in the number of school age in Kentucky. It is not unlikely that the school per capita may be reduced to even less than \$2.25. It is now \$2.80.

TELLER'S GREAT SPEECH.

The Wonderful Appeal of Senator
Teller for Silver.

Mr. Teller having presented to the Platform Committee of the St. Louis Convention a proposition for the free coinage of silver as a substitute for the financial plank proposed by the subcommittee of the whole committee, spoke in part as follows:

"Mr. CHAIRMAN: The importance of this question must be my excuse for detaining the committee a few minutes. I have given this financial question the most careful attention that any man could give it. I have given it great study and the best thought of my mature years; I have been engaged all my life in a service which I think fits me to judge right and correctly, and to draw proper conclusions under such circumstances. I have formed my convictions of the importance and character of this controversy."

"My convictions are of such character that upon me they force conclusions which amount almost to verity. I admit that I may be wrong in every proposition touching this question that I may submit here today, but, as I have said, I have formed my own judgment, and have tried to reach an intelligent judgment on this financial question, and after such deliberation and thought I say here now that in my judgment this question is the greatest question that has been presented to the American people in a hundred years. Right or wrong I have convinced my judgment; and I have done that, too, from a partisan standpoint, and not because the State of Colorado produces silver, but after the most perfect investigation and

PAINTING RESEARCH.

"If I had only my judgment to depend upon I should be afraid to make such a statement to an intelligent committee like this, but I have back of me, and agreeing with me, and advocating bimetalism as against the gold standard the intelligence of the world. Every political economist in Europe, with five or six exceptions, who are worthy to be named as political economists, is an open and pronounced bimetalist. There is no professor of political economy in any of the great European institutions that does not declare for bimetalism and condemn that which you have put in your platform and which you today mean to make the cardinal feature of the faith of the Republican party. This is the gold standard."

"The greatest teacher of New England, a man who commands more respect than any other teacher in this country, or in Europe, the only American whose text books have become the text books of European colleges, has declared that the question of international bimetalism is a question of civilization. Mr. Chairman I believe this, and believing this as I do I say that it is not the prosperity of today or tomorrow that depends upon it, but this is a question which concerns civilization and morality that this concerns not the people of

the United States alone, but the people of the entire world, and on the rightful solution of which their happiness and prosperity depend.

"Having thus formed my conclusions, after many years of public service and investigation, can I look any man in the face and tell him that I believe this and then give my vote for a candidate who stands on a platform pledged to support the gold standard? Would you not despise me if I did it? And what is more, should I not despise myself? If I am wrong, and of course I may be, the truth

WILL SOME DAY BE KNOWN.

If I am right, you are entering upon a course that will some day—and that, too, speedily—bring this country great disaster and dire distress. If a partial acceptance of this financial system has brought this country to the condition that it is now in, what shall be its condition when you have crystallized in the laws this declaration that you are putting in this platform, that gold and gold only shall be the standard money of this land.

"I do not intend to debate this question. I am speaking now in explanation of my conduct when I shall declare publicly, as I shall if this platform is adopted, that I can take no further part in this convention, and can no longer act with the Republican party."

"Mr. Chairman, it is not a small thing for a man to break from his political associations. No man would be justified in doing this except upon principle. No man would be justified in so doing because of dissatisfaction with mere methods of candidates; but when you adopt a principle and ask me to sustain it, make it one of the cardinal tenets of a great political organization, that I believe to be destructive to the interests of the whole country, then common honesty calls for a protest from me."

"I have been in this party since its organization. I doubt whether today in this body, or in the convention, there is a man who has served more years in it than I, and I deny that there is any man who has served it with more devotion and with more enthusiasm than I have. When the Democratic party, to which I belonged and in which I was reared became the party of oppression and the advocate of a system of servitude that was destructive, in my opinion, not only to the black man but to the white man as well, I walked out of that party and into the new party, which did not then even have a name—a party that was weak and small, condemned and despised—but out of which came this Republican party. But I did not then break the associations of more than forty years. I was then a young man, full of enthusiasm and hope; my life was before me; now it is behind me.

"As a member of the Republican party I have shared in its triumphs as I have shared in its few defeats. I took part by voice and vote in its first campaign, and in every campaign since that it has made, either in the States west or east of the Rocky Mountains. I have been an active participant. I was one of the first men in the Rocky Mountains who

advocated the Republican doctrine of protection, and I have advocated it in every campaign that the party has made. I believe in it now, but I do not believe you can have adequate protection and the gold standard. The gold standard means low wages and low prices for products, and that is verified by the conditions in every country of the world where it has been tried. I believe the adoption of the gold standard will in the end be destructive of the great interests for which the Republican party has professedly stood during all the years of its existence.

"Mr. Chairman, I shall break from the party of my youth and the party of my choice, and the party that has given me honors as few men have been given honors, with a heart feeling as though I were going to my grave, as though I were burying my best friend, and nothing but the supreme conviction of the danger of the maintenance of this gold standard could induce me to make the sacrifice; but the conviction is upon me that it is a duty, not to my people alone, not to the people of Colorado alone, but a duty which I owe to you and to the whole world as well that impels me to this step.

"I came to this convention reluctantly, fearing that this would be the result of your deliberations and that I should have to go away, having performed what is to me one of the most agreeable actions of my whole life. And yet I repeat I would despise myself believing as I do in the supreme importance of this question if I failed to make any sacrifice that this cause demands, if I failed because of the fear of taunts that will surely come to me when I shall have done my duty as my judgment tells me to do it. I am going to fight for this principle, but I can no longer fight for it in the Republican ranks with hopes of success. I had hoped that the party that had done so much for the human race and of whose future so much was hoped and expected would come to the right view upon this question; and I still have a lingering hope that some day this party will reach a condition when it will not take its declarations from Wall Street or Lombard street, but from the honest sentiment of the great heart of the American people.

"I did not intend to detain you except with so long in public life and in private life in the paramount importance of the principles for which I have contended so long in public life and in private life. It is my earnest belief that no question is of more vital importance to the people of the United States or deserving of more careful attention than the financial question which is now presented for your solution."

WATTERSON

Astonishes the British by His
Very Sturdy Defense of
America.

London, June 17.—The Chronicle today prints an interview with Mr. Henry Watterson, of Louisville, for whose sentiments it practically apologizes to its readers in every paragraph.

"If there exists in England an impression that the Southern States in the American union are not a unit with the national principle, it is a serious error," said Mr. Watterson. "Nowhere was the President's Venezuelan message received with greater enthusiasm than in the South. The people of the South would welcome a foreign war because it would give them an opportunity to show their loyalty to the Union. They are a warlike race and there are a great many things which make them testive. They are not, as you put it,

SPOILING FOR A FIGHT.

But they are bent on expanding our foreign policy and are ready to fight at the drop of a hat. Strictly speaking," he put in, "there is no anti-English feeling in the United States. On the contrary, there is a generally friendly feeling. We are Republicans, however, whereas you are Monarchists. We detect your social system thoroughly. Shoddy Americans who come over here in hot pursuit of social recognition, we regard with disgust as you regard with disdain. There can be no affinity between aristocracy and democracy. In many ways we are commercial rivals. If we ever get rid of our absurd tariff restrictions we can meet and beat England in all neutral markets, and recover from her those markets that geographically belong to us.

WILL ENFORCE RESPECT.

"The Monroe doctrine, as it is called," said Mr. Watterson, "has come to stay. Strengthened and reaffirmed by its modern interpretation, it is an assertion of national aspiration. We are more than a match for any two nations on the globe. We are a vast imperial republic and we mean to be respected and felt among nations. We mean absolutely to control and dominate in American affairs. We do not want Canada, but Mexico and Central and South America are under our wing and our word shall be law."

"I look for no serious consequences," he went on, "in the Venezuelan matter. A war between England and the United States would be the disintegration of the British Empire and no greater evil could happen to mankind."

Your
Spring Suit

IS NOW NEEDED

And if you consult your best interest, you will get Fohs, the tailor, to make it. He has just received the latest line of goods on the market, and invites you to call and see it. All grades, all styles, all colors. A tailor made suit fits you exactly, it is better made and will wear longer and look nicer than any other. He is making suits at remarkably low prices, he guarantees a fit. Be sure to call and see the goods, look at the latest fashion plates, and get his prices.

Bellville St., First
Door East of Masonic
Building.

FOHS, The Tailor.

Here is a Chance of a Lifetime.

WE HAVE A BIG STOCK OF GOODS — BOUGHT LOWER THAN EVER.

We will sell
You Goods

Lower than you ever
saw them before.

WE MUST HAVE CASH.

And to raise the Cash
We will begin a
Cheap Sale.

We have lots of clothing
Nice Dress Goods, Shoes, Etc.

And we are going to sell them.
Will sell you Regardless of Profit.

Come and see us before you buy.
Pierce-Yandell-Gugenheim Co.

The Press.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.
ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

The Press is authorized to announce
MALCOLM YEAMAN.

of Henderson county, a candidate for
Judge of the Court of Appeals, vice
Judge J. R. Grace, deceased, for the
First Appellate District, subject to the
action of the Democratic party. Election
November 1896.

The Press is authorized to announce
W. S. BISHOP.

of McCracken county, a candidate for
Judge of the Court of Appeals, vice
Judge J. R. Grace, deceased, for the
First Appellate District, subject to the
action of the Democratic party. Election
November 1896.

FOR CONGRESS.

We are authorized to announce
W. J. STONE

a candidate for Congress in the First
Congressional District of Kentucky,
subject to the action of the Democratic
party. Election November 1896.

The gold standard Democrats still
persist in hiding behind the catch
phrase, "sound money."

As can best be determined now the
bimetallists will have 572 votes in the
Chicago Convention to 372 for the
gold standard.

If every voter waited for the party
to act before he took a position
on a political question, who would
be left to make a platform?

A decision of the Court of Appeals
has settled the question of electing an
Appellate Court Judge in this district
in November. The court holds that
the vacancy must be filled at the
approaching election.

Maine Democrats declared for the
gold standard by a vote of 91 to 101;
California declares for free silver and
Florida by a vote of 175 to 171 de-
feated a free silver measure, but re-
fused to instruct the delegates, respec-
tively that all such questions are pro-
perly referred to the National Democratic
Convention.

The Paducah News of Monday con-
tained the official announcement of
Hon. John K. Hendrick for Congress.
In commenting on the announcement
the News says: "He is a Democrat
who never scathed the ticket, and
who stands prepared to fight squarely
upon the platform of the party, that
he has so unflinchingly stood by in all
these years."

The situation in the Illinois, India-
na and Ohio Democratic State con-
ventions very plainly show that the
Democrats of those states are almost
unanimous for bimetallism. In Ohio
less than 100 of the 700 delegates are
for the gold standard; in Indiana 1517
of the 1714 delegates are for silver;
in Illinois more than 900 of the 1100
delegates are for silver.

Hon. Benj. H. Brewster, who was
Secretary of the Treasury during the
second term of President Grant, died
at his home in New York Monday.
He was born in Elkton, Ky., in 1832
and began the practice of the law in
Hopkinsville. He served as State
Senator, United States District At-
torney, and won distinction in all the
positions he occupied.

Mr. Cleveland has issued an appeal
to Democrats to be wise at Chicago.
He should remember that actions
speak louder than words. His own
actions have done more to disrupt and
destroy the party than all Republi-
canism united; but at the same time
the net result has made an opportu-
nity for the party's success in Novem-
ber.

The Louisville Post is now busily
engaged in trying to show that the
bolt at St. Louis amounts to nothing
comparatively. Twenty-three dele-
gates and the immediate section they
represent may not have the propor-
tions of a cyclone, but they constitute
a storm center and around them will
rally thousands of voters all over the
West. Twenty-three is a nucleus
about which a powerful army may
gather. Besides, the manner of their
withdrawal, the party from which
they retire, with all of its history that
fires a Republican heart, its brilliant
achievements on political battle fields
of the past, the immense patronage it
has and may yet control, illustrates
the story and adorns the tale that is
being daily told, that old political ties
now sit lightly as a feather upon many
who have been bound by them without
hesitation heretofore. It is
illustrative of the fact that thousands
of people have concluded to live in
the present, and to bury the ghosts of
the past that have haunted the politi-
cal fights of two decades. While in
both of the old parties the tens of
thousands may close their eyes to the
pictures of the present, and fondly
cherish tender memories of the by-
gones, the thousands will let
"The dead past bury its dead,"
and concern themselves about the liv-
ing issues of the present. The bolt
at St. Louis is an ocular demon-
stration of the yet unrecorded determina-
tion in the hearts and minds of people
from Dan to Beersheba. The St.
Louis panorama illustrates what hun-
dreds of individuals will do on their
look in November. The bolting is
not likely to be confined to one
party either; there is going to be a
readjustment all round. Goldbugs in
the east will walk out of the Demo-
cratic party, and silver Republicans
of the West will step out of the Re-
publican party.

One of the chief boasts of the
Democratic party is and has always
been that it is a party of the people,
for the people and by the people. The
efforts Messrs. Cleveland, Whitney &
Co. are making to turn aside the ver-
dict of an overwhelming majority of
the rank and file of the people of the
party clearly indicates that they are
not Democratic on other points be-
sides that of the currency. If the
intelligence and patriotism of the
country is confined to a few eastern
millionaires, and if the majority must
bow like subjects to their sovereign
will, what is the use of having con-
ventions? Why not do away with
the expense and worry of conventions
by consulting these oracles and ac-
cepting their edicts with the faith of
those who believe that the king can
do no wrong? Clearly a majority has
expressed itself for the rehabilitation
of silver. The figures show it. An
attempt at this stage by threats or
sophistry to undo the matter is pretty
strong evidence that these oriental
nabobs no longer believe that a ma-
jority should rule in this country; they
no longer believe that the people are
capable of governing themselves.

Teller announces that he will sup-
port Bland if the Democrats nomi-
nate him. Bland is not a millionaire;
he may not be the polished, suave,
pretentious politician that some of the
gentlemen who aspire to Presidential
honors claim to be, but he possesses
the sturdy honesty that characterizes
our best citizenship; he is of that type
of rugged, sterling manhood that we
find in American song and story; and
his nomination would appeal to the
great middle classes, the bone and
sinew of the country—who have not
found the best of friends in some of
the Gamaliel's at whose feet they have
sat. The concrete wisdom of the
convention may decree otherwise, but
"silver Dick" would be a platform
within himself.

Dr. Isaac Holloway, a prominent
citizen of Lamasco, in Lyon county,
died under circumstances strongly in-
dicating suicide.

Cleveland and Carlisle have gone
fishing. They are to be congratula-
ted in the wisdom displayed in the
selection of their occupation at this
particular time.

To advocate international coinage
is simply a concession that the "ex-
isting gold standard" is not satisfac-
tory. If the coinage laws of this
country, as they now exist, are the
most conducive to national and in-
dividual prosperity, why the neces-
sity of any change whatever, either
national or international.

Arranging for the Convention.

Louisville, June 18.—Col. T. H.
Sherley just returned from Chicago
to attend a meeting of the National
Democratic Committee stated today
that arrangements had been made
with the owners of the coliseum for
the use of it as the meeting place of
the convention. The room will be
420 feet long by 320 feet wide and
will seat 15000 people all facing the
platform. Col. Sherley has been
named Chairman of the Decoration
Committee and arrangement of seats.
He hopes to have the hall ready in
two weeks. The hall occupies the
same ground the "Wild West" show
did during the World's Fair.

The Debate at Cave-in-Rock.

It was my happy privilege to at-
tend this debate which commenced
the 11th of this month and con-
tinued six days. The proposition of
discussion was: "The Church with
which I stand identified is Apostolic
in Origin, Doctrine and Practice."
Eld. J. N. Hall, of Fulton, Ky.,
for affirmative for first three days;
Eld. A. J. Minton, of Bell, Tenn.,
for the disciples denied, the last
three days Minton affirmed and Hall
denied.

As I did not take notes it would
be impossible for me to give any
thing like a synopsis of this discus-
sion. It is fair, however, for me to
say that each of these disputants
were able in the presentation of their
views. Eld. Minton made a credit-
able fight from his standpoint and
seemed to give general satisfaction
to his brethren.

Bro. Hall was at his best, and
made a masterly defense of Baptist
principles to the entire satisfaction
of all his brethren, and to the con-
gratulation of the faith of saints at
that place.

The Baptist cause here has been
weak, but the two discussions by
Bro. Hall, one in January and this
one, have made many friends for the
Baptists, as a result the first friends
have gathered to them and they have
been enabled to erect and have near
completion a neat house of worship.
So far ascertain the people the
people were general in their appre-
ciation of Eld. Hall's presentation
of the truth. Both of the disputants
were courteous and gentlemanly in
their deportment to the end of the
discussion. The moderators had
nothing to do save keep the time and
make announcements.

The discussion was well attended
from start to finish. Numbers of
preachers, representing both sides
were present and entertained the
people at night and on Sunday with
their preaching.

The ample manner with which its
visitors were entertained was highly
commendable to any community
all attention given by the audience
all through was remarkable.

A competent stenographer was
employed to take this debate, which
will be put in book form in the near
future. T. C. C.

DISASTER IN JAPAN.

Loss of a Thousand Lives Caused
by and Earthquake and
Tidal Wave.

Whole Town of Kumats Swept Into
the Raging Sea.

Yokohama, June 17.—News of a
terrible disaster, involving the loss of
over one thousand lives, has reached
here from the island of Yesso, which
contains the northern provinces of
Japan.

All sections of the island seem to
have been more or less shaken. The
subterranean disturbance lasted about
twenty hours, and during that period
the utmost terror prevailed.

The ground rumblings are described
as resembling the roarings of distant
cannon. Shock followed shock in an
almost uninterrupted succession, for
about every eight minutes. In all, it
is estimated there were 150 shocks,
of more or less force.

It is impossible to obtain, for the
present, accurate details of the disas-
ter, as communication between the
mainland of Japan (Island of Honshu)
and Yeddo, from which the former is
separated by the Straight of Tsugara
is said to be interrupted, or more prob-
ably in the hands of the authorities.
The whole town of Kumats, however,
is reported to have been destroyed.
The awful series of earthquake shocks
were accompanied by a tidal wave
from the sea, which practically wiped
out the town of Kumats, which is
situated towards the Japan sea, on a
narrow neck of land, separating it
from Volcano Bay on the Pacific side
of the island.

The Island of Yeddo has in the past
had several similar visitations, and
contains a number of active and ex-
tinguished volcanoes. Rumor has it that
the number of lives lost and amount
of damage done is far in excess of the
figures contained in the brief official
dispatch. A full official report of this
great calamity has been asked for and
is expected shortly. It is feared that
great disaster to shipping must also
have resulted from the great tidal
wave.

Washington, June 22.—The first
official report that has reached
Washington of the great Japanese
earthquake and tidal wave came to-
day to the State Department from
Mr. Herod, Secretary of our Legation
at Tokio, in the following brief
cablegram, which, however, makes
the calamity out to be much worse
than heretofore reported.

"Deaths caused by the tidal wave
estimated at over 30,000 in reports
up to date. No mortality among
Americans."

Kentucky Battle.

London, Depot, Ky., June 23.—
On Clover Fork, in Harlan county,
six miles above Harlan, a cruel battle,
one of the bloodiest battles of modern
years took place yesterday, in which
John Pace, Irvin Cornett and Harri-
son Cornett on one side and George
Dean, Wm Stewart and Dave Elder-
edge on the other. Dean and Elder-
edge were killed. The slayers have
all been arrested and are in jail. The
fight was the result of an old feud of
long standing.

Deaths Recorded.

Wilson & Kevil to A. B. Phipps
house and lot for \$500.
S. B. Welton to Lyndia Harmon
house and lot for \$500.
Kit Shepherd to W. F. Harmon
house and lot for \$600.
Geo. W. Corn to C. C. Bebout 102
acres for \$1005.
R. W. Wilson to Pierce & Son., 72
acres for \$350.
J. T. Franks, sheriff, to F. L.
Harmon, lot for \$58.23.

NEIGHBORHOOD GOSSIP.

SALEM.

Some of the farmers say the rains
this season have washed the farms
more than they have in the past ten
years.

The farmers will look for threshers
in a few days; some fear around Sa-
lem have thrashed; there is about a
half crop.

The minstrel show proved a com-
plete failure here Saturday night. The
people of Salem showed by their ac-
tious Saturday night that they had
rather go to church than attend a
minstrel show.

There will be a lecture delivered
here next Monday night by the Rev.
Reed Lamb, on Bunyan's Pilgrims
Progress. This lecture is to be illus-
trated and a small admission fee will
be charged for religious purposes.
Some of our citizens are acquainted
with Rev. Lamb, and speak of him
in the highest terms. Come out and
hear him.

Mr. Charlie Farris, of Memphis, is
visiting his brother at this place.
Misses Mary Cox and Minnie Love
spent a few days in Tolu this week.

Mr. Isaac Butler, Mrs. Sallie Wool-
ridge, and Miss Mary Cox went to
Fredonia Sunday.

Miss Clara Morris, of Louisville,
is the guest of Miss Pearl Lukins this
week.

Mrs. Port Morris, of Crofton, and
her mother of Tolu are visiting their
friends here.

Bro. Yarbrough delivered a lecture
at the church Sunday evening upon
Sunday school work.

He confined his talk mainly to the
boys and would have them attend
Sunday school regular. He gave the
boys great encouragement.

Mrs. M. D. Roney and son, of
Evansville, are visiting friends and
relatives here.

Come out and get a new Sunday
school book for the new quarter Sun-
day.

There was a colored peoples dance
Saturday night about a mile from
here; some trouble came up and put
an end to the dance. Some of the
boys had been over at Golconda and
got them some red eye.

It seems as if those boys went to
the dance to hurt some one, for they
were all armed. One of the gang had
two guns. Some two years ago some
of the colored people had trouble and
one of them was hit in the head with
a rock, and it is supposed this old feud
was renewed. Clifton Pippin, who
had nothing to do with the trouble,
was trying to make peace, and in do-
ing so was shot in the abdominal cav-
ity. From the wound he lived until
Monday about noon and died. He
was considered by all who knew him
as one of the most peaceable colored
men in Salem.

Sunday four negroes were arrested
and taken to the Smithland jail.
Lem Hodge had brought his girl up
to the dance from Golconda; he was
arrested Sunday and taken off to jail,
leaving his girl weeping bitterly. If
she waits until Lem takes her back to
Golconda it will be perhaps a few
years before she gets back.

Free Silver.

BELLS RINGS.

Our Christian Endeavor met ac-
cording to appointment last Saturday
at 2 o'clock p. m., and we went
through the programme, reading and
talking on our verse of Scripture.
Rev. Womack was present and took
part with us. After the Endeavor
we went to the Newcom ford on
Tralewater river to a baptizing; Bro.
Womack baptized Bros. Allen Shaw
and Geo. Aaron. After the baptizing

your garden.
C. C. McNeely has named his fine
boy Pratt, in honor of our Circuit
Judge.

Mrs. J. F. Hughes and daughter,
and Mrs. C. A. Wilson and daughter
were the guests of Rev. J. N. Mc-
Donald and family Monday.

George Green and Byrd Hughes of
Crider were enjoying life Sunday
evening; make hay while the sun
shines; or, in other words, improve
every opportunity.

All calicoes 5 cents.
Sam Howerton.

We have a big stock of new shoes
the best anywhere at the price.
Sam Howerton.

A line of clothing that is not ex-
celled, at prices that no other mer-
chant can even approach.
Sam Howerton.

CARRYSVILLE.

Mr. Ed. Gwartney, the miller, has
moved into his new house.

Uncle Joe Bridges is on the sick
list.

J. S. Love went to Paducah Tues-
day.

Prof. Benedict of Booneville, Miss.,
came up this week and applied for
the prospective graded school at this
place. As time for election draws
near, the question seems to be more
hotly agitated, though we believe it
will carry by a small majority.

Prof. M. C. Wright will teach Lola
school this winter.

Since school closed the young peo-
ple seem to be trying to have their
share of the fun, having already had
two parties, one at David Ellis' and
another at James Bahls'.

Mr. Freeman and daughter of Gol-
conda, Ill., were the guests of J. M.
Pavy last Sunday.

A large crowd attended the Child-
ren's Day exercises Sunday.

We have a new post office close to
us by the name of Joy, which was
established some two weeks ago.

Miss Jessie Shouse, who attended
school here, will leave Saturday for
her home in Caseyville.

We white metal 16 to 1 free silver
men think the next thing in order is
for Oily James to come down soon and
make a free silver speech.

FRANCES.

Mrs. S. J. Walker is quite ill.
Our school closed Friday. Miss
Jacobs has made many friends here
who will regret her return home.

Mrs. Catherine has been quite ill.
D. H. Oliver has moved to Kelsey.

The latest addition to the free
silver ranks is a bouncing boy at
C. W. Foxes.

Some just finished laying by their
corn, others just doing planting.

Miss Dora White will teach the
school at Owen.

W. F. Meridith talks of moving
to the village.

Uncle Sam's most faithful custo-
dian of the mail, Uncle Jim Shoe-
craft, will soon surrender his charge
to the keeping of J. M. McCallin,
one of Crayneville's most trustworthy
citizens, who will doubtless keep the
service up to the present high stan-
dard of safety, celerity and dispatch.

Many wheat crops were not worth
cutting.

Misses Linnie and Myrtle Jacobs
and Zuela and Maud Davis, of Cray-
neville, attended the closing exer-
cises of the school here Friday.

J. I. Matthews, of Hillsville, is
visiting here.

John Tucker and family, of Ten-
nessee are visiting here.

Miss Dora Hamby has returned
from Kelsey.

The campmeeting will begin at
Kuttawa July 17th.

Rev. John Pierce filled the pulpit
at Caldwell Springs Sunday.

Rev. Fred Wells preached an ex-

cellent sermon at Emmaus Sunday.
Mrs. J. D. Hodge died on the
morning of the 22nd of congestion.
She leaves a husband and several
children to mourn the loss of a faith-
ful wife and a devoted mother.

SHADY GROVE.

Last Saturday was the regular term
of Squire Deboe's court at this place.
There was a pretty fair docket. Two
jury cases were tried and several judg-
ments were rendered on suspicion of
debt. Few public offenses are commit-
ted in this bailiwick.

In this neighborhood the wheat crop
is short and inferior; oats generally
very good.

Claude Todd, who has been in poor
health for some time is somewhat im-
proved.

Miss Edna Cannon is quite sick
with flux.

Dock Stevens and family of Pink-
neyville, have been visiting relatives
near here.

Dr. Todd lately removed a cancer
from the foot of James McHaven's
wife and she is doing well.

Mr. S. A. Fraser has chills, but his
garden is worked up to date.

Mr. Jones, the new mail contractor
on the Marion route, was making the
acquaintance of our business men last
week.

Rev. Archey returned Monday from
the district conference at Princeton.
His wife and babe are still at Cray-
neville.

Rev. Gibbons and wife are visiting
hereabouts.

Miss Zena Glenn, of Madisonville,
is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Dr. Todd.

LEVIAS.

Most of our farmers are through
thrashing wheat, and it is turning out
better than expected at the time it
was cut.

Chinch bugs are now working on
the corn.

Mr. Glad Threlkeld and family of
Livingston, were visiting relatives in
our midst Monday.

Mr. E. B. Franklin has purchased
a white about one hundred feet deep in
his yard.

Large crowd attended Union Sun-
day to hear Bro. Henry preach on
the subject of baptism.

Mrs. M. J. Franklin has been very
ill for the past few days with fever.

Charles LaRue will give you the
best prices for your produce.

CRAYNEVILLE.

Several attended the Children's
Day at Fredonia from here Sunday.

Car load of salt for sale at Deboe's,
\$1.30 per bbl or less in 5 bbl lots.

P. H. Woods went to Marion Mon-
day on a business trip.

Good New Orleans molasses at 25c
per gallon at Deboe's.

W. P. Loyd, of Marion, was in our
city Tuesday.

Take your chickens, eggs, feathers,
bacon, small hogs and corn to J. P.
Deboe & Co. for best prices.

Rev. J. M. Hayden is on the sick
list.

Dry goods, groceries, etc., cheaper
at Deboe's than you ever saw for cash.
Wholesale thrashing is the order of the
day here.

We are receiving a nice lot of boots
and shoes for fall; call and price and
see them.

Deboe & Co.
Messrs. Crayne & McCallin, the
stump pullers, have dissolved part-
nership, but Mr. McCallin will continue
to pull stumps.

Blackberries are in full blast.
W. A. Woodall, D. W. Brookshire
and M. J. Jacobs are the jury men
from here.

Frank Crayne has made him a new
ool book and is ready for work.
Preaching here next Sunday. Rev.
Lamb, of Penn., is expected to preach
for us.

Dead and Wounded!

High Prices Died this morning at J. H. Morse's.



Mens Buckle and Gaiter Heavy Shoes, Former Price \$1.25 to \$1.50 NOW

99c



Bleech Domestic, Brown Domestic, 10-4 Sheeting, Pillow Case Cotton, Shirting, Cotton Plaid, Hosiery, Ladies Vests, Ladies Shirt Waists and all of our Dress Goods, Silks, Ribbons and Laces AT COST.

Mens' and Boys' Clothing, Hats and Suspenders will go at a price never heard of before. In short we now have everything you usually find in a first class Dry Goods Store and they will all be offered to you for 20 days at cost.

Please bear in mind that it costs me something to run a business and I can not give you more time than 20 days to get these goods.

Also bear in mind that we never advertise anything that we do not do. You have paid us a profit for a long time and we will now give it back if you will only let us.

The explosion was so great that the proprietor and one of the chief salesmen was slightly wounded, but no farther damage was done. Old High Prices left \$8000 worth of goods to be offered to the people for the next 20 days at and below the first cost.

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF

Don't spend a dollar until you visit our store, for we mean every word we say. Remember only 20 days this grand offer is made.

JNO. H. MORSE,

PROPRIETOR OF THE CHEAP STORE.



500 Pairs

Of Ladies and Misses fine kid button shoes former prices \$1.50 to \$2.00, they all go now for

99c a pair



The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

LOCAL NEWS.

Best salt at Weldon's.
Small crowd attending court.
Wheat thrashing now on hand.
Watermelons on the market.

Wheat sacks at Cochran & Bakers.
Several guests at Crittenden Springs.

Judge Pierce went to St. Louis Saturday.

The town hogs are dying of swine plague.

Weldon will sell you cheap for cash.

Dr. J. B. Mott, of Fredonia, was in town yesterday.

Judge Jas. Campbell, of Paducah, was in town Monday.

Mr. G. M. Russell left for Owensboro yesterday on business.

The two year old child of Mr. Chas. Horning died a few days since.

Mr. J. R. Finley, of the revenue service, is at home on a furlough.

Get your wheat sacks from Cochran & Baker. They have plenty.

Mr. M. C. Thurman, of Crittenden Springs, went to Paducah Tuesday.

Plenty of fruit jars cheap.

Griffith & Patmor.

A nice watch at Weldon's for \$2.98.

Mrs. Sue Towler, of New York, is a guest of relatives at this place.

Editor Settles, of the Caldwell County News, spent Tuesday in Marion.

Marriage license have been issued to Alvey Holeman and Miss Ora E. Taber.

Miss Esther Smith, of Sturgis, is spending this week with friends in Marion.

While at work in a well in Christian county, Jack Smith was killed by foul air.

Mr. Chas. Evans is attending the State Educational convention at Newport.

Mr. S. H. Cromwell and wife, of Henderson, are guests of Mr. H. M. Cook's family.

While bathing in McCracken county, August Puss, a fourteen year old boy, was drowned.

If you owe us anything please call and pay it.

Griffith & Patmor.

At church in Warren county Wm. Vernon shot and killed his cousin, Hannibal Vernon.

Miss Mattie Barnhill, of Providence, Ky., is the guest of Misses Mabel and Rosa Kevill.

For the next 30 days will make special prices on goods for cash.

Griffith & Patmor.

Mr. Chas. Farris, of Memphis, was in town Sunday, enroute to Livingston county to visit friends.

Rev. John Haynes and family, of Murphysboro, Ill., are visiting their relatives in the county.

You said you was going to pay your bill next Saturday. Don't forget it Saturday, June 27.

Griffith & Patmor.

Geo. W. Jones tendered his resignation as guardian for Harry Bennett and same was accepted by the court.

Mrs. Burdette, of Louisville, representing the Ladies Aid Society, of the Methodist church, is stopping with friends in town.

Jim Henry and Lucian Miles, two of Marion's "sporties" boys, spent last week on John Bennett's farm cutting hay, sprouts and weeds.

Dr. R. L. Moore was on the streets a few minutes Tuesday. He has been confined at his home with rheumatism for five weeks and is yet far from being well man.

Bob I want you to tell the ladies to stop in at Weldon's and see the pretty glass and queensware.

Frank Dodge.

A Wedding Party.

Last evening Messrs. E. C. Moore and Sam Gugenheim, and Misses Eva Williams and Nannie Nunn left for Memphis, Tenn. This morning at 8 o'clock, in the parlors of the Peabody Hotel, at Memphis, Mr. Moore and Miss Williams will be united in marriage. Mr. Moore and his bride will go to Hot Springs for a week's stay, after which they will go to Galveston, Texas, thence to Mr. Moore's brother's in Arkansas, returning home in about four weeks.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. H. B. Williams, a prominent farmer who lives near Marion; she is noted for personal beauty, charming manners and sterling worth as a woman. She graduated from a Bowling Green college two years ago.

Mr. Moore is one of the best known young men in the county. He was in the mercantile business at Mattoon for a number of years, where he did perhaps more business than any other house in the county. He is a fine business man, an enterprising citizen, and his honesty and genial disposition has given him a wide acquaintance and an extensive circle of friends, all of whom wish him and his handsome bride long, happy and useful lives.

Masons Going to Sue.

Frankfort, June 18.—The Masonic Fraternities of the State, held to be exempt from taxation under a recent decision of the Court of Appeals, which terms them as charitable and benevolent institutions, are filing petitions through the Sheriff to the Auditor of Public Accounts to recover the sums they have paid since the revenue law of 1893 went into effect. Sheriff Armstrong filed a petition through attorney Cromwell this morning, and Auditor Stone has the matter under advisement. Louisville loggers will recover greater sums than any other institution in the State, if the petitions are granted.

Billy Dyeus, of Dycusburg, was one of the biggest men in town Monday; he was not the oldest, however. He is only nine years old, but he tips the beam at 101 pounds. He would like to see another boy of his age who is as large. He fills an average chair as full as an ordinary man; he measures just 33 inches around the waist, and it is fourteen big inches around the calf of his leg. Billy is a son of Mr. Frank Dyeus, the tobacco merchant, and a grandson of the late Capt. Hodge Brown, once a popular steamboat man on the Cumberland. Capt. Brown was at the time of his death, several years ago, the largest man in Southern Kentucky.

Commonwealth Attorney John L. Grayott is at his post of duty this week, earnestly and ably looking after the peace and dignity of the commonwealth. He and county attorney Moore make a splendid combination for the work they have on hand.

Mrs. Robt. Fletcher and daughters, and Judge Dennis, of Louisville, and G. W. Head and family, of Henderson, are at Crittenden Springs.

Mrs. Louise Mullen died at her home near Dycusburg Sunday of consumption.

James Marshall of Christian county swallowed a poisonous bug, and died as a result.

We will run a store at Crittenden Springs and will appreciate your trade; will want country produce and will pay the highest market price for same. Will open up next week.

Griffith & Patmor.

Stereopticon Lecture.

Rev. J. R. Lamb will deliver a stereopticon lecture at the opera house Saturday night on Bunyan's Pilgrimage Progress. The lecture will be illustrated by sixty stereopticon views.

\$30,000 TO LOAN

On real estate in sums to suit. Loans closed in 5 to 10 days. Apply to J. H. MOORE, Critter Hotel.

Blue & Doboe, Attorneys.

CIRCUIT COURT

The Grand Jury Charged and the Wheels of Justice Begin to Grind.

Two Acquittals Tuesday; the Norris and Fritts Case on Trial.

Circuit Court convened Monday with Judge Pratt on the bench. The Judge delivered an exhaustive charge to the grand jury, covering in a forcible and entertaining way all the laws that are likely to be violated in this country. He was exceedingly plain touching concealed weapons, disturbing religious worship, the violation of local option law and white capping. Without naming it, he referred to the Dr. Marble case. He said that the jury must not be governed by local influences, that all parties must be treated alike, and the jury must be governed solely by the law and the evidence. He said that if a physician by neglect, the careless use of a knife, or through the want of skill caused death, it was involuntary manslaughter.

Hugh Barrett vs. T. T. Barnett, dismissed by agreement of parties.

P. E. Rowlett vs. R. L. Flauery, on motion of plaintiff stricken from docket.

Dan Granham vs. J. B. Towery, stricken from docket by plaintiff.

Commonwealth vs. Ira Brown, stricken from docket by plaintiff.

F. M. Clement vs. Wm. Stout, dismissed settled.

Walker & Olive vs. Jno. S. James, dismissed, settled.

J. A. Yandell was appointed foreman of the grand jury.

The following officers filed report of public funds collected:

D. Woods, county clerk \$97.72

J. A. Moore, county judge 91.00

H. A. Haynes, circuit clerk 40.38

T. J. Yeats, police judge 1.01

P. C. Moore justice peace 20.75

J. W. Mabry " " .50

J. R. Postlewaite " " 20.00

W. F. Paris " " 1.00

J. N. Cully " " 1.00

J. T. Franks, sheriff 50.00

The other officers reported nothing collected.

In case of Commonwealth vs. G. W. Rose, bailbond of Lewis Windsor for \$100, forfeited at last term of court, it was adjudged that G. W. Rose pay same.

Commonwealth vs. J. S. Murray, forfeited recognizance, continued.

Same vs. John Ramsey, same, filed away.

Same vs. D. E. Williams, peace bond, dismissed.

The cases of the commonwealth vs. Wm. Maynard, perjury, and G. B. Millican, rape, were upon motion of the commonwealth's attorney filed away with leave to restate.

Commonwealth vs. Anderson Morgan, concealed weapons, dismissed by plaintiff, for want of sufficient evidence to convict.

Commonwealth vs. Jno. Gibbons, breach of peace, defendant failing to appear, bond forfeited, and indictment taken for confessed, jury fixed fine at \$10.

Comth. vs. Newt Millican, disturbing religious worship, acquitted by jury.

Comth. vs. John Hayercraft, assault and battery, dismissed.

Comth. vs. Henry Wilson, disturbing worship, defendant entered plea of guilty, substituted case to court and was fined \$20.

Comth. vs. Joe Hayercraft, breach of peace, acquitted by jury.

The following persons adjudged pauper idiots were allowed the usual claims of \$75.00 per annum: F. J. Holloman, Kate Moore, Sydney J. Jones, Robt. J. Jones, Hick Waddell.

Ed Clement, charged with white capping, appeared in court and executed bond for his appearance at the seventh day of the present term of court. His bondsmen are R. N. Walker, Jno. M. Phillips and H. B. Phillips.

Whitecaps in Livingston.

The Smithland News tells of a case of white capping near Carrollville. According to the published account the white cappers visited Miss Lizzie Morley, of Livingston county. Seven masked men went to her place of abode—at the home of her brother in law—covered the occupants with pistols, including the man of the house, dragged the young lady from her bed and forced her out into the road near by, where they inflicted upon her a very severe whipping. All the men were in disguise, yet the girl and her brother in law thought they recognized and knew the offenders. Affidavits were sworn out charging several respectable young men of that vicinity with being participants of the unlawful act. They were arrested and discharged, but one of them, William Thompson, has brought suit for malicious prosecution, and attached \$800 worth of the woman's property. The case will be fought out in the courts.

Silver and Oil.

The excitement over the discovery of silver near Grand Rivers has not abated by any means. The discoverer is busily engaged in blasting and opening the mine to secure specimens. It is said that he has forwarded specimens of the ore to Washington and that it has been pronounced of a rich quality. Several capitalists, it is reported, have become interested in the discovery and will work the mine if it proves to be as rich in deposits as now believed.

Enos L. Moore, of Grand Rivers, who has for some months been boring for oil at the Glenwood Landing, "Big Horse Ford," on Cumberland river, is now confident of striking a rich flow of oil. There is every indication of a regular gusher being discovered. The work has been pushed to a depth of 1,166 feet, with every encouragement of success.—Paducah News.

Isaac L. Wheeler Dead.

Sunday morning Mr. Isaac L. Wheeler died at his home three miles east of Marion, after a week's illness with flux.

Mr. Wheeler was one of the county's best citizens, and no man who came in contact with him failed to recognize that he was a part of the noblest work of God—an honest man. He was well known throughout the county, and wherever known his sturdy qualities as a man and citizen were recognized.

For a number of years he has been one of the land possessors, and in all capacities he has served his day and generation well.

He is the father of a large family of children, among whom is our popular county superintendent.

Fought to a Finish.

Blackford, Ky., June 22.—Today our popular city judge, Carl Henderson, and Jno. Thompson engaged in a quarrel, which resulted in a fist fight. For thirty minutes the belligerents pounded each other; nobody interfered, and at the end of half an hour, both were completely exhausted and they mutually agreed to cease hostilities. It was a draw for want of strength to continue to a satisfactory termination.

Sent to the Asylum.

Saturday Dick Drake, of the northern part of the county, was brought to town and tried for lunacy. The jury was not long in coming to the conclusion that he was of unsound mind. He was sent to the Hopkinsville asylum. He was wild and at times dangerous, and had to be tied. He is about 35 years old and has a wife and two children.

County S. S. Convention.

The Eighteenth Annual Sunday School Convention of Crittenden county will be held at Piney Fork on Thursday, July 9, 1896. All the Sunday Schools in the county are solicited to attend the convention organized as classes, or representative delegates.

I thank you for your trade last month.

Just

Arrived.

The Racket.

Here To Stay

Bargains in all Lines.

We Have no Leaders.

We underbid and undersell all competition. We here itemize a few of our many bargains, but bear in mind those are not leaders or baits, all goods in our stock are sold at the same per cent. of profit. We invite you all to come and convince yourself of this fact before buying elsewhere.

Ladies Black Hose, regular price 10c our price 5c
Ladies Black and Tan Hose, regular price 15c Our price 8c
Ladies black and white Shirt Waists, regular price 75c our price 39c
Ladies latest style Shirt Waists, large Bishop sleeves, regular price \$1.25 to \$1.50 our price 69c
Ladies Vests, regular price 10, 20, and 25c., our price 5 10 and 15c
Misses Vests same prices

We display this week a complete line a Japanese Goods—some of the latest novelties at one-half the price such goods are sold in the larger cities. Come and see them.

Ladies Duck Suits, regular price 1.50 to 2.50 our price 90c to \$1.25
Ladies Silk Mits, this price at the Racket only 15c
Boys half hose, only sold by the Racket 2c
Mens Suspenders, only sold by the Racket 5c
Only a few gross of butter milk soap left at 10c a box
The biggest towel you ever saw for 10c
We also have them at 4, 5 and 8 cts.
3 packages of hair pins for 5c
Boys cheviot waists, regular price 50c our price 25c
Boys domet waists, Reglar price 40c our price 20c

Umbrellas.

Good Gloria, 26inch 49c
Good Gloria, 28 inch 65c

THE RACKET, CITY HALL BUILDING.

District Conference.

The District Conference of Princeton District Methodist Church South was held at Princeton Friday and Saturday. The Conference was presided over by Bishop Duncan, one of the grandest men of his church. He is a fine presiding officer and his thorough work as such was admired by the members of the Conference. His preaching charmed the people, and "charm" is hardly the word to use in connection with his sermons, for a stronger, deeper meaning word attaches to his discourses. He moves his hearers and puts to work the best and deepest thinking faculties of the mind, and arouses the soul to a keen appreciation of its relation to the Master.

One of his most forceful and telling addresses to the Conference was upon the licensing of men to preach. He said that it was too frequently the case that where men were failures in other occupations, they concluded that they were called to preach, and would rush headlong into places where angels might fear to tread. He said that he had no right to doubt the honesty or sincerity of a man's convictions about his being called to preach, but that the powers that be in the church had a right to consider the man and his surroundings and to pass upon the question as to whether the man had been influenced by the Spirit of God in arriving at his convictions. He pleaded for caution along this line, and impressed the Conference with the gravity of its duty in this respect.

Marion was chosen as the place for holding the next District Conference. Messrs. J. A. Akin, Jep C. Johnson, H. C. Cobb and J. W. Guess were chosen delegates to the annual conference; with Dr. Bacon, of Cadiz, and R. C. Walker of Marion as alternates.

May Buy the O. V.

L. T. Moore, consulting engineer of the Illinois Central railroad, made a trip over the Ohio Valley railroad last week, in a special car, making an examination of the roadbed, side tracks, switches, depots, etc., and it is conjectured that the trip was made with a view of becoming a purchaser of the O. V.

It is known that the C. O. & S. W. at one time wanted the O. V. and did control it for a brief period, and for that reason it is thought the Illinois Central to become the owner of the C. O. & S. W. will possibly or probably attempt the purchase of the Ohio Valley.

I want a few more good cash customers; I have a bargain for you. M. H. Weldon.

The Braswell Case.

The end of the noted law suit, involving \$50,000 reached a conclusion in the Court of Appeals a few days ago. The suit involved the estate of the late N. T. Braswell, of Eddyville, who was one of the richest citizens of Lyon county. He died several years ago, leaving no will. His heirs were the children of Mrs. S. N. Leonard, who was a daughter, and the children of Chas. Braswell, a son. Mr. Leonard, for his children, brought suit to prevent the heirs of Chas. Braswell from participating in the estate, alleging the following:

Chas. Braswell, it was alleged, was married under an assumed name in Memphis, deserting his wife about a year later, and while his first wife was living, and from whom he had not been divorced, Mr. Braswell was married in Illinois. As a result of this union two children were born, Tilford Braswell, of Eddyville, and Mrs. Mattie Scott, of Paducah. The contention of Mr. Leonard was that the heirs of Chas. Braswell were not legitimate.

The lower court decided against Mr. Leonard and awarded to the Braswell heirs their share of the property. This was the last case decided by Judge Grace before his elevation to the Appellate bench. This case was affirmed by the Court of Appeals, and the estate will be divided instead of all going to the Leonard.

The case was warmly contested in both the Circuit and Appellate court. Messrs. James & James, of Marion, were in the case, and Mr. L. H. James made the argument before the court of Appeals for the Tilford Braswell heirs, and Judge Holt made the argument for the Leonard. The decision is a victory for Mr. James, and he is naturally very proud of it.

Notice.

The Peoples party county convention is called to meet in Marion, on Monday June 29 for the purpose of electing delegates to the State convention, which is to meet at Paducah July 20 and to attend to other business of importance. All speakers will be present and will address the convention. Speaking to begin at 1 o'clock p. m. Everybody is invited to hear the speaking and assist in selecting our delegates. All persons wishing to attend the St. Louis convention will make it to their interest to see Dr. J. R. Clark, who can procure your tickets at reduced rates from Paducah to St. Louis and return for \$2.50, tickets must be ordered and paid for in this month (June).

W. H. Brown, Chm.

HARD TIME

Prices.

Try "Kolaphus"

The best and most delicious Drink on Earth.

A fine nerve tonic; it beats lemonade, ginger ale, soda pop and milk shakes all alike. Nothing superior.

Headquarters for anything in the Drug and Notion line, all the different preparations kept in stock.

We have not space enough to tell you the different things we have in the Notion line, but come and inspect the goods in our ten show cases, prices will be right.

Am always willing to serve you Day or Night.

Yours Respectfully,

R. F. Haynes, Jr.
THE DRUGGIST.

Marion Graded School,

NEXT SESSION BEGINS

Monday, Sept. 7, 1896.

Common school branches thoroughly taught. High school course practical and comprehensive. Six teachers. Modern equipments. Wait for Catalogue—out by July 10.

CHARLES EVANS, Principal.

Those that did owe me when I lost my goods by fire still have a place in my mind that will not be removed unless by the application of the cash to my pocket book.

M. H. Weldon.

4th of July Railroad Rates.

Excursion tickets will be sold on July 3rd and 4th, between all stations on the O. V. Ry. in Kentucky, at one fare for the round trip; and between all stations in Kentucky and Evansville, Ind., at one fare plus 25 cts for the round trip. All tickets good returning until July 6, 1896.

T. C. Jameson, Agt.

There are many cures for the Anomalous malady of indigestion, but when indigestion has passed into biliousness and is attended by sour stomach, diarrhoea, disordered liver, etc., we believe there is no remedy in the world equal to Ramon's Tonic Liver Pills. Pills to touch the liver—Tonic Pills to build up the system; two separate medicines; together they cleanse the system and repair the waste. Try them once; your druggist keeps them. Only twenty five cents for both, trial doses free.

Farmers are getting their wheat well in hand.



Terrible Misery

Helpless With Rheumatism And Without Appetite

Tired Feeling and Pains Dispelled by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I was in terrible misery with rheumatism in my hips and lower limbs. I read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla that I thought I would try it and see if it would relieve me. When I commenced I could not sit up nor even turn over in bed without help. One bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me."

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Sarsaparilla restores my appetite so that I could eat without any distress, and I have gained rapidly in strength. I have taken five bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I am as well as ever." Mrs. S. A. Lefebvre, Rossmore, Mo.

Hood's Pills cure liver trouble, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, skin diseases, indigestion.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but sell direct to the consumer at a wholesale price. All agents are requested to return to us the name of the dealer who sold them. We will send them a copy of this advertisement.

W. D. PRATT, Secy. Carriage & Harness Mfg. Co. Elkhart, Ind.

CRUCE & NUNN,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Marion, Ky.

Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to their care.

DR. MENDENHALL'S

IMPROVED

CHILL AND FEVER CURE.



CHILLS AND FEVER

And all other febrile diseases. One bottle of this medicine will cure you. Price, 50 cents a bottle. Dealers everywhere.

PREPARED BY J. C. MENDENHALL, EVANSVILLE, IND.

For Sale by J. H. ORME & BRO.

Also for sale by J. L. Rankin, Ford Ferry; Guess, Clement & Webber, Tolu; M. D. Colfield, Birkville.

Constipation

& Biliousness

Cause

Sick-headache, Pains in the back, Sallow complexion, Loss of appetite and Exhaustion.

There is only one cure, which is

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS

AND TONIC PELLETS

One Pink Pill touches the liver and removes the bile.

One Tonic Pellet nightly, acts as a gentle laxative in keeping the bowels open, restores the digestive organs, tones up the nervous system and makes new rich blood. Complete treatment, two medicines, one price, 25c.

Treatise and sample free at any drug store.

SHOWS KIDNEY, How To.

GROVES

MAKES CHILDREN AS FAT AS PIGS

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 CENTS.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Attention—We sold last year 700,000 bottles of Groves' Tasteless Chill Tonic and have bought three more already this year. In all our experience of 15 years in the drug business, we have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic.

YOUR TONIC.

ADVERTISING CARD & CO.

THE SWINE PLAGUE.

(Press Bulletin No. 8, Arizona Experiment Station.)

Swine plague is a contagious and infectious disease of the hog, caused by minute bacterial forms frequently found present in the air passages of swine, and sometimes of other domestic animals. They are, however, except under certain conditions of environment, in a state comparatively harmless to the animals. But when the proper external and internal conditions combine the bacteria multiply rapidly and produce a virulent form of disease, which is contagious and terminates fatally in a majority of cases. The swine plague germ is a small oval, non-motile bacterium, easily distinguished under the microscope from the hog cholera bacterium, the latter being larger, rod-like and possessing flagella.

Swine plague may be produced in a herd of hogs by inclement weather and unwholesome food, or other cause producing an unhealthy, weakened or unthrifty condition. The most noticeable symptoms characterizing this disease are: A tendency to lie upon the belly in some secluded place, refusing to eat, or eating but little, causing the animal to look gaunt; when aroused it will usually give one or two dry coughs, hang its head and arch its back as if in pain; the eyes will water in the early stages, but later the secretion becomes yellowish, thick, accumulating in the corners and frequently gumming the eyes shut. Sometimes the skin of the abdomen, under surface of the neck, and inner surface of the legs become congested and reddish in color. An eruption sometimes occurs upon the body, most frequently upon those parts where the congestion shows. Scabs form over the small eruptive spots, which heal, and when the scabs fall leave bare spots upon the skin. The pig walks with an irregular, and tottering gait; the animal usually has diarrhea, which frequently becomes very foetid towards the last. There is usually shivering and fever, the temperature rising to 106 degrees or 107 degrees Fahrenheit. In one case I saw it as high as 108.4 degrees.

Once established in a herd, swine plague spreads rapidly, especially if the pigs sleep together, and are permitted to pile up in the shed or under a shelter, as the disease is communicated almost entirely by inhalation. Under the above mentioned conditions the well pigs breathe the infection exhaled by the sick ones and thus catch the disease. The disease germs may be carried some distance in the air, and upon the clothing of man, fur of animals and plumage of birds. Where buzzards abound they are undoubtedly a prolific cause of spreading the disease, especially if the affected swine are permitted to die and be devoured by them. Rabbits and dogs are also a source of danger in spreading it, and upon passing from herds of diseased swine frequently take with them enough germs to cause an outbreak in a well herd.

When in any locality an outbreak occurs of swine plague or any disease which may be suspected of being swine plague, or a contagious disease of any kind, every precaution should be taken to prevent its spread. No one should be permitted to pass from a farm having the disease upon it to one where there are swine, and no disease among them, without first disinfecting. Dogs should not be permitted to run at large; every pig or hog, young or old, should be killed as soon as it shows symptoms of having the disease, and the carcass should be buried, or at least deeply buried. All well animals should be removed at once from the pasture in which diseased animals are found and kept from coming with them. Provision should be made, when possible, for removing the well hogs to another fresh pasture at any sick ones should be found to be among them, and the moving process repeated if necessary.

The regimen should receive attention. Wholesome food and good water should be provided for the well and sick hogs. A few drops—about eight to twelve drops per animal—of carbolic acid in the water each day is found beneficial as a preventive, and also in treating sick animals. The following mixture, recommended by Dr. Salmon, of the Bureau of Animal Industry, has been found beneficial in many cases, but no sure cure is known. One part of wood charcoal; on part sulphur; two parts sodium chloride; (common salt); two parts sodium bicarbonate; two parts sodium hypophosphate; one part sodium sulphate; one part antimony sulphide. These ingredients should be well pulverized and then thoroughly mixed. The dose is one tablespoonful for each 200 lbs. of weight of hog once a day. Those weighing less should receive smaller doses in the same ratio as the reduction in weight. It is best fed by mixing with bran, middlings or some other soft food. After having been introduced to eat it once, hogs will usually return to it with a relish. It must not be understood that this is a specific for swine plague, though there are many cases on record where its use apparently cured the disease. It has been of greater value, perhaps, as a preventive, and when it is so used the dose may be somewhat reduced in quantity.

ARE YOU BANKRUPT

in health, constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so, NEVER DESPAIR

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you.

For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

an absolute cure.

During the time the disease is found upon the place all sleeping quarters, breeding places, feed lots and other places where the swine congregate should be thoroughly disinfected every few days. This is best done by sprinkling well with air-slacked lime or a five per cent. solution of crude carbolic acid, or with some other germicide. No stagnant water should be permitted in the pasture or feeding lot, and the disinfected lime or carbolic acid should be used liberally about the water hole or water trough. All litter or bedding should be frequently removed and burned. In irrigated regions waste water should not be permitted to pass from the pasture of infected swine to carry the disease to other herds, and after the disease subsides the pastures should be thoroughly dried to kill stray germs which may be lurking among the vegetation.

The swine plague bacterium is a comparatively delicate organism and may be destroyed by a proper observance of the above mentioned regulations. There are circumstances under which it would be impossible to observe the requirements to dry out the pasture and pens. If in these cases they could be thoroughly flooded the germ would be killed, as they drown quite easily.

It must be remembered that the disease does not always attack a herd with the same severity. Some outbreaks are comparatively mild, and none but the weak hogs and little pigs succumb, and the percentage of mortality among these may at times be small; whereas in other outbreaks the mortality reaches 90 per cent. or more, and old hogs are taken off with the little ones. The condition of the animals also has much to do with the mortality. Swine plague may be expected to carry off a greater per cent. of the unthrifty animals than those of the well and hearty. I have found also that in herds where the constitutions of the swine were much weakened by close breeding the mortality is much greater than where the herd is kept thrifty by outcrossing.

In the Mississippi basin and some other localities hog cholera is associated with swine plague. Although this resembles swine plague in a great many respects, and the treatment for the two diseases is the same in every essential particular, in the matter of ridding a place of hog cholera there is much difference. The hog cholera bacterium is much harder than that of swine plague, and it will live and multiply in stagnant water and moist soil and litter, thus making it a very difficult matter to completely eradicate the disease from a place upon which it has once appeared. But with care a few months during the hot weather of the summer will suffice to clear a place of swine plague.

Cure For Headache

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. If effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headache yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tonic to the bowels, and a few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Only fifty cents at J. H. Orme & Bro. Drug Store.

Why suffer with Coughs, Colds and LaGrippe when Laxative Bromo Quinine will cure you in one day. Does not produce the ringing in the head like Sulphate of Quinine. Put up in tablets convenient for taking. Guaranteed to cure, or money refunded. Price, 25 cents. For sale by J. H. Orme & Bro. Marion, Ky., 40-6m.

Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she became a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Thousands Ride In

DELKER BUGGIES.

THE NAME TELLS THEIR FAME.

COCHRAN & BAKER, Agts.

MARION, KY.

To Make Good Butter.

A correspondent of the Jersey Bulletin lays down eight rules for the making of A No 1 butter. They are:

1. Good Jersey cows to secure rich, clean, healthy milk. If possible, feed cows in rich old pastures, free from weeds, preferably on uplands.

2. Milk the cows in a clean, well ventilated stable, free from all atmospheric taints.

3. Setting the milk to cream and the cream to ripen in a clean and well ventilated room, which may be kept constantly at low and even temperature.

4. Scrupulous cleanliness and regular temperature in the churning.

5. Stopping the churn when the butter comes to the size of wheat grains, and freeing it of buttermilk while in this stage, taking care not to break the grain in working.

6. While it is in the granular stage incorporate the salt evenly and thoroughly.

7. Put up in neat, clean, sweet attractive packages.

8. Most scrupulous cleanliness from the cow pasture to the butter box.

A movement which has been in contemplation for some six or eight months to build a magnificent opera house in Paducah, has finally reached maturity, says the Register. A stock company has been formed and capitalized at \$50,000, with the largest part of the stock subscribed for. The company has in it eight or ten of the best known business men in the city, one of whom alone has subscribed for ten thousand dollars worth of stock. The lot next to the Palmer House on Fifth street has been purchased during the past few days and ground will be broke shortly.

Mr. James Perdue, an old soldier residing at Monroe, Michigan, was severely afflicted with rheumatism but received prompt relief from pain by using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. He says: "At times my back would ache so badly that I could hardly raise up. If I had not gotten relief I would not be here to write these few lines. The Chamberlain Pain Balm has done me a great deal of good and I feel very grateful for it." For sale by J. H. Orme, druggist.

To cure sick headaches is either possible or it is impossible. If it is impossible, forget it; if it is not impossible, try for it. First and foremost, try Raymond's Tonic Liver Pills and Pellets. They are a new combination but the greatest specific ever compounded for the complete cure of all forms of sick and bilious headache, disordered liver, sour stomach, etc. They are much better than any common liver pill. Together they cost but 25c at your drug store; sample dose free.

If it required an outlay of \$100.00 to insure a family against any serious complaint from an attack of bowel constipation during the year there are many who would feel it their duty to pay it; and they could not afford to risk their lives and those of their family for such an amount. Any one can get this insurance for twenty-five cents, that being the price of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy. In almost every neighborhood some one has died from an attack of bowel complaint, before medicine could be procured or a physician summoned. One or two doses of this remedy will destroy any ordinary case. It never fails. Can you afford to take the risk for so small an amount? For sale by J. H. Orme, druggist.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. H. Orme & Bro.

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What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curls, cures Diarrhea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children." DR. G. C. GRAY, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quick nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves." DR. J. F. KIRKENDALL, Conway, Ark.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it." UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres. Boston, Mass.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

A RARE CHANCE

To have your picture enlarged without cost.

We have made an arrangement with one of the largest houses in Chicago doing this kind of work to enlarge any picture we may send them and we furnish them hand-somely framed at our store under these conditions: For every purchase of \$10.00 worth of goods we give one enlarged picture, the only cost is \$3.00 wholesale price for the beautiful frame that goes with each picture.

Very Truly,

G. C. GRAY.

Bowling Green Business College

THE GREAT BUSINESS TRAINING SCHOOL OF THE SOUTH.

A School of Business, Shorthand, Penmanship, Typography & Bookkeeping.

CHARTERED—JOURNAL FREE. Cherry Street, Bowling Green, Ky.

Why not be your own Middle-man?

Pay but one profit between maker and user and that a small just one.

Our Big 700 Page Catalogue and Buyers Guide proves that it's possible. Weighs 2 1/2 pounds, \$2.00 in postage, describes and tells the one-profit price of over 6,000 articles, everything you use. We send it for 10 cents; that's not for the book, but to pay part of the postage or expressage, and keep off idlers. You can't get it too quick.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., The Store of All the People, 111-115 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

Coffins, Coffins, Coffins,

Anything in this line, including the finest Metallic Cases, furnished and delivered anywhere on short notice. Prices low.

ROBT. BORD, Salem, Ky.

H. F. Ray,

AGENT.

MOORE & BLACKBURN,

Attorneys at Law,

MARION, KY.

Will practice in all the courts of Crittenden and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections. All business entrusted to their care will receive prompt attention.

Wool Carding.

Having put our Carding Machine in first-class condition, we are prepared to card wool at the old stand in Marion. Having had a number of years' experience in wool-carding, we feel safe in saying that we can do you better work than you can get elsewhere. PRICES REASONABLE. We will pay freight one way on wool shipped to us in lots of 100 pounds or more. Mark each bundle plainly with owner's name and send us directions as to how you want it carded. Satisfaction guaranteed.

R. N. Doss, Marion, Ky.

ICE.

I have filled my ice house with first-class manufactured ice and Mr. Ed Gray will have the sale and delivery of same. Before the ice wagon begins running, he will have ice at the store of Mr. G. C. Gray to supply the demands of the citizens of Marion.

J. D. LEECH, Exr., PANGLOSS, KY.

FARM FOR SALE

125 acres of land belonging to the estate of F. M. Glenn, deceased. It is known as the Field's farm and is located on Dyersburg and Paducah roads about 5 miles from Paducah. With the exception of 10 acres, the land is covered with fine timber. For terms, etc., call on or write

J. D. LEECH, Exr., PANGLOSS, KY.

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